



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

and 5 steerage passengers inspected; 1 case of illness on board investigated; manifests viséed for 8,558 packages of freight; 3 pieces of baggage disinfected; 1 emigrant for San Francisco per steamship *Asia* was recommended for rejection on account of trachoma.

The report of the municipal health department shows among foreigners 1 new case of smallpox; among natives 26 deaths from smallpox.

No quarantinable diseases were reported from outports, but Foo-chow and Amoy have been declared plague infected by the authorities here.

Cholera and smallpox at Shanghai.

The following is received from the Department of State, under date of August 30:

A telegram of the 26th instant from the consul-general at Shanghai states as follows:

"Deaths week ending August 25, cholera 159, smallpox 20."

COLOMBIA.

Reports from Cartagena—Inspection of vessels—Sanitary conditions—Smallpox and dengue fever present.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Jacobs reports, July 23 and August 14: Week ended July 23, 1907. The sanitary conditions of Cartagena and surrounding country are fair.

Schooner *Orleans* and steamship *Prinz Joachim* cleared before my arrival. Steamship *Chancellor*, for Galveston via Colon, Panama; officers 8, crew 32, inspected.

Passengers from this port, 16; in transit, none.

One passenger landed at this port.

No quarantinable disease has been reported during the week ended July 23, 1907.

NOTE.—For report for August 6 see Public Health Reports, August 30, 1907, page 1212.

Week ended August 13:

Bills of health issued:

United States.....	3
Panama	1
Passengers from this port.....	56
Passengers in transit.....	359
Immune certificates issued.....	2

Sanitary condition of Cartagena and surrounding country, fair. No quarantinable diseases reported by authorities, although smallpox and dengue fever are present.

COSTA RICA.

Reports from Limon, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Goodman reports as follows: Week ended August 17, 1907. Estimated population 6,000; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.